REGULATIONS FOR ACADEMIC PROMOTION AND RETENTION

The Alexandria City School Board recognizes that decisions affecting a student's grade-level assignment (especially the decision to retain a student) may have long-lasting effects on the student's future success in school and life. The promotion of a student from one grade level to the next shall be based primarily on the successful completion of work required at the specific grade level of the student. Research indicates that students who have been retained two or more times are more likely to drop out of high school than are students who have never been retained. Therefore, Alexandria City Public Schools expects that any decision to retain a student be made following considerable deliberation and consultation. ACPS will not retain a student more than once. When retention is recommended, it should occur at the earliest possible time in the student's school career. All personnel involved with this decision-making process should understand and address the following processes and procedures.

A. Promotion

The primary consideration for grade assignment shall be successful achievement in academic areas. Other factors such as the student's ability to learn, social and emotional maturity and attendance shall also be considered. Determinations regarding student acceleration shall be made in accordance with Policy IKEB.

1. Elementary Students:

Promotion will be made through grade five (K-5) based on an evaluation of the student's acquisition of required standards and other evidence of growth as determined by the student's teacher(s) and principal and as evidenced by the following factors:

- Academic performance
- Attendance
 - Physical size
 - Reading level
 - Work habits
 - Intellectual ability
 - Parental support
- Age
 - School/family history
 - Prior retention
 - Special needs, circumstances or disability
 - SOL assessment results at the end of grades three through five (3-5); however, the use of SOL scores as the sole criterion in awarding credit is prohibited.

2. Middle School Students:

 Students in grades six through eight (6-8) are promoted to the next grade on the basis of earning passing final grades in the core subjects of language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies; and a passing final grade in one of the following program areas: health/physical education or the equivalent of a full-year elective course together with consideration of the following factors:

• Academic performance

Ability level

•

- Attendance in conjunction with poor classroom performance

• Chronological age in relation to the normal grade/age group

• Delayed/advanced physical development

• Work and study skills

Student and parent attitude

 Parental supportPrior retention

 • SOL assessment results at the end of grades six through eight (6-8); however, the use of SOL scores as the sole criterion in awarding credit is prohibited.

3. **High School Students:** For high school students, promotion refers to a student advancing from one class designation to the next (i.e., from ninth to tenth grade, etc.) after having satisfied all requirements for advancement. The designation of a student as a ninth grader, tenth grader, or eleventh grader is based solely on the number of standard and/or verified units of credits earned. However, for a student to be designated as a twelfth grader (i.e., a senior preparing for graduation), that designation involves a combination of the following factors: (a) requisite number of credits earned; (b) the types of credits earned; and (c) other graduation requirements (i.e., fulfillment of state mandates and requirements for courses and program completion to receive the type of diploma for which the student is preparing). Accordingly, a high school student shall be promoted to the next class designation only as follows:

Minimum Requirements for Students Earning a Standard Diploma

To be classified as a 9 th grader:	A student must have been promoted from middle school.
To be classified as a 10 th grader:	A student must have accrued at least 5 standard high school units of credit by the start of an academic year. One of the units of credit must be for 9 th grade English.
To be classified as a 11 th grader:	A student must have accrued at least 10 standard high school units of credit by the start of the academic year. One of the units of credit must be for 10 th grade English.
To be classified as a 12 th grader:	A student must have accrued at least 15 standard high school units of credit by the start of the academic year. One of the units of credit must be for 11 th grade English. A student's transcript and schedule must include all units of credit and/or courses necessary to complete graduation requirements in June of that school year.

Note: The use of SOL assessment scores as the sole criterion in awarding credit is prohibited.

B. Intervention to Minimize Retention

Alexandria City Public Schools is committed to maximizing student promotion and providing a system of K-12 interventions to maximize student success. For those students whose educational performance is not commensurate with their peers and/or are suspected of having a disability, a written referral to the School Support Team or Child Study shall be made by the student's classroom teacher.

1. When a student in kindergarten through fifth grade (K-5) is not making progress toward mastery of content standards, school staff shall use interventions associated with ACPS system of support guidelines to make a determination of which supports and interventions are necessary to address the student's lack of academic growth. In addition, an Individual Achievement Plan (IAP) or other systematic classroom and support interventions shall be developed to address the areas of deficiency and be implemented with fidelity. The prescribed interventions will be designed to monitor and document the student's progress toward mastery of content standards.

2. At the elementary level (grades K-5), parents/guardians and (when appropriate) students should be included in the development of the IAP, or other intervention plan. The principal will monitor the implementation of this plan and guide the team in making the necessary adjustments. These adjustments should be based upon a

118 119	systematic progress monitoring that includes a collection of evidence and thorough analysis of student data.
120	2 A44 1 1 (1 (- 12) 4 - ICAD (I- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 A - 1 1 1
121	3. At the secondary level (grades 6-12), the ICAP (Individualized Career and Academic
122	Plan) is used to guide this process (incorporating a focus upon both student academic
123	achievement as well as career development). Additionally, when a student is
124 125	experiencing academic problems or challenges, appropriate options for intervention,
125	coaching, and tutorial assistance should be used to support this process (and should be incorporated into the ICAP).
120	incorporated into the ICAF).
127	4. When a secondary student is experiencing academic difficulty, the parents/guardians
128	shall be notified in writing as soon as possible. In addition to the Report Card,
130	parents/guardians of students who are failing any high school course shall be notified
131	in writing at the end of the second quarter. In addition, teachers are encouraged to
131	arrange conferences with parents/guardians of these students.
132	arrange conferences with parents/guardians of these students.
134	If a student continues to fail through the end of the third quarter, the
135	parents/guardians shall again be notified in writing.
136	parents, guardians shan again be notified in writing.
137	C. Retention
138	o. Recention
139	Retention shall be used as a last resort. It will be considered only after ongoing, sustained,
140	and intensive intervention efforts have been unsuccessful. The final responsibility for
141	retention should be based upon a collaborative team decision involving:
142	
143	The principal
144	Parents or guardians
145	The classroom teacher
146	The school counselor
147	 A special education teacher (if appropriate)
148	 An English Learner (EL) teacher (if appropriate)
149	All Eligibil Leather (EL) teacher (if appropriate)
150	After a careful and systematic review of documentation of the interventions administered
151	over time, the following factors shall be deliberated for a student being considered for
152	retention:
153	recention.
154	Standards-based performance in academic areas
155	Performance on Division-level assessments
	Performance on Division-level assessments Performance on curriculum-based assessments
156	
157	• Quarterly Progress Reports
158	• Consideration of the factors listed above in section A. (Promotion) of this
159	regulation.
160	
161	

- 1. **Initial Notification**: As soon as retention is being considered, the teacher shall notify in writing and schedule a meeting with the parents/guardians. If, at the end of the third quarter, the student is still at risk of being retained, the information must be stated in the narrative portion of the progress report. The teacher shall also submit a cumulative folder of the student's work to the retention team.
- 2. **Final Determination:** The decision to retain shall be made during the fourth quarter, with plans for summer school or other interventions shared with the parent. Written permission from the parents for retention is not required; however, parents must be notified of the specific reasons for retention. Final notification must be made in writing and a meeting will be scheduled with the student's parents/guardians at least 30 working days prior to the close of school. In addition, the process for appeals must be included in the retention determination letter.

When a student is retained, a retention plan must be developed by the student's teacher. This retention plan will build upon the intervention plan, including areas not yet mastered. The receiving teacher may modify or add to the retention plan as the retention year proceeds based on student progress. The principal must review the retention plan and monitor the student's progress during the retention year. A copy of the retention plan shall be attached to the progress report and placed in the student's cumulative folder.

The final responsibility for promotion and retention decisions resides with the principal. However, the principal is responsible for ensuring that this decision is made within the context of the interventions and processes articulated below.

- 3. **Students with Disabilities:** For students with disabilities, promotion and retention shall be determined with consideration of the student's progress on annual goals in accordance with accommodations, and the impact of the disability as defined in the student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP).
- 4. **LEP Students:** For Limited English Proficient (LEP) students, promotion and retention decisions will involve the same factors that must be considered for all students. However, LEP students with English proficiency levels of 3 or below will not generally be considered for retention.

Retentions at Initial Placement

Sometimes, in order to place a student in the most appropriate academic setting, the equivalent of a retention is made at the English Learner Office at the time of entry. Initial retentions shall consider the same factors as all other retentions, contributing to a holistic determination of what is in the best educational interest of the student.

207208

209210

211

212213

Notice to Parents of LEP Students

If neither parent/guardian of a student being considered for retention speaks English, all retention-related written and oral communications will be provided in the parents'/guardians' native language. Non-English speaking parents/guardians should have the same opportunity for input, and receive the same level of communication from the school regarding the student's progress as English speaking parents/guardians.

214215216

D. Final Authority and Appeals

217218

219

220

Promotion and retention decisions which require further review or are contested by parents/guardians must be submitted in writing to the Elementary or Secondary Executive Director of Instruction. The process for appeals must be included in the retention determination letter from the school.

221222

223 Established: November 17, 2003
 224 Revised: June 23, 2016

225

226 Cross Refs.: IKC Grading

227 IKC-R Regulations Governing the Grading Policy

228 IKE Academic Promotion and Retention

229 IKEB Acceleration

230	Appendix I
231	
232	RETENTION INFORMATION GATHERING
233	
234	Information Gathering: Educators
235	
236	1. Classroom performance
237	2. Ability to work independently
238	3. Frequency and accuracy of responses
239	4. Quality and accuracy of class work
240	5. Knowledge and skill depth and breadth
241	6. Time and work management skills
242	7. Study skills
243	8. Problem-solving, decision-making skills in comparison with age peers
244	9. Self-evaluation skills
245	10. Choices in independent activities
246	11. Relationship to age peers and adults
247	
248	Information Gathering: Parents
249	
250	1. Perceived academic strengths and limitations
251	2. Past patterns of achievement or underachievement
252	3. Motivation for learning
253	4. Study skills and habits
254	5. Work and management skills
255	6. Ability to work independently
256	7. Attitudes toward school and learning
257	8. Level of maturity and emotional stability
258	9. Interest areas of the child
259	10. Relationships with peers and adults
	·